

**G H Raisoni College of Engineering and Management, Pune**  
(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to Savitribai Phule, Pune University)

**Department of First Year B. Tech.**  
**Term II (2024-25)**  
**CAE-I**

**Integral Calculus and Differential Equations (23UBSL1203)**

[Time: 01 Hour]

[Max. Marks-20]

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) All questions compulsory.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

Q. No.	Sub Question	CO	Marks	BL
1	a) Trace the Curve: $y^2(2a - x) = x^3$ .	CO1	[05]	L3
	<b>OR</b>			
	b) Find $\frac{dI(a)}{da}$ for $I(a) = \int_{\pi/6a}^{\pi/2a} \frac{\sin ax}{x} dx$ using DUIS Rule - 2.	CO1	[05]	L3
	c) Write any four properties of Gamma function and evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} x e^{-\sqrt{x}} dx$	CO1	[05]	L2
	<b>OR</b>			
	d) Write any four Properties of Beta Function and evaluate $\int_0^1 x^3 (1 - \sqrt{x})^5 dx$	CO1	[05]	L2
2	a) Evaluate $\iint y dx dy$ over the area bounded by the curve $y = x^2$ & $y = x$ .	CO1	[05]	L3
	<b>OR</b>			
	b) Evaluate $\iint x^2 y^2 dx dy$ over positive quadrant of a circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$	CO1	[05]	L3
	c) Prove that : i) $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{dx dy}{\sqrt{(1-x^2)(1-y^2)}} = \frac{\pi^2}{4}$ and ii) $\int_0^1 \int_{-\sqrt{y}}^{-y^2} xy dx dy = \frac{-1}{12}$	CO1	[05]	L3
	<b>OR</b>			
	d) Evaluate $\int_{-1}^1 \int_0^z \int_{x-z}^{x+z} (x + y + z) dy dx dz$	CO1	[05]	L3

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