

[Total No. of Ques. 05]

Seat No: 

[Total No. of Pages: 01]

**G H Raison College of Engineering and Management, Pune.**  
**(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to Savitribai Phule ,Pune University)**  
**F. Y. B. (All Branches) (TERM -II)**  
**ESE SUMMER 2024 (2023 Pattern)**  
**ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY (23UBSL1102)**

[Time: 2.5Hours]

[ Max. Marks: 60]

**Instructions to the candidates:**

- 1) All questions compulsory.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- 5) CO & BL are course outcomes and Bloom's Levels

Q. No.	Sub Questions	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
1	a)	Explain the term Temporary and Permanent Hardness of water. In an analysis of Lake water following observations was recorded. 50 ml of water sample required 25 ml of 0.01M Na <sub>2</sub> EDTA for the end point, whereas 50 ml of boiled and filtered water sample required 20 ml of same Na <sub>2</sub> EDTA. Calculate Total, Permanent and Temporary Hardness of water.	[6]	CO1	L3
	b)	Explain the causes and prevention of Boiler corrosion due to dissolved gases and salts with chemical reactions.	[6]	CO1	L2
<b>OR</b>					
2	c)	Explain Zeolite process of water softening with diagram and chemical reactions ( water softening and regeneration reaction). Mention two advantages of this process.	[6]	CO1	L2
	a)	Explain two sources of E-waste with its ill effect on human body. Explain steps involved in E- waste management.	[6]	CO2	L2
3	b)	Discuss sources of Municipal Solid Waste (MSW). Explain various steps involved in management of MSW.	[6]	CO2	L2
	a)	Explain the construction and working of H <sub>2</sub> -O <sub>2</sub> fuel cell along with diagram and reactions. Mention two applications of H <sub>2</sub> -O <sub>2</sub> fuel cell.	[6]	CO3	L2
4	b)	Describe the construction and working of Lead Acid battery along with diagram and reactions (charging and discharging both). Mention two advantages of this battery.	[6]	CO3	L2
	a)	Explain the construction and working of Bomb Calorimeter with suitable diagram. Mention the formula to calculate GCV of the fuel using this method.	[6]	CO3	L2
<b>OR</b>					
5	b)	In Boy's gas calorimeter, a volatile fuel was burnt, find GCV and NCV of the given fuel with following observations: Quantity of water passing through inner & outer Cu Coil = 30 kg. Volume of gas burnt in the given time at STP = 0.1 m <sup>3</sup> Temperature of Inlet water = 22°C Temperature of Outlet water = 30°C Mass of water condensed = 0.04 kg.	[6]	CO3	L3
	c)	Explain the construction and working of Hydroelectric Power Plant with suitable diagram. Mention its two advantages and disadvantages.	[6]	CO3	L2
5	a)	Explain two air pollutants with its ill effects on environment. Discuss briefly anyone controlling method of air pollution.	[6]	CO4	L2
	b)	Explain two sources of water pollution with their effects on aquatic animal .Explain controlling methods of water pollution.	[6]	CO4	L2

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